



HAZTECH  
SYSTEMS,<sup>TM</sup>  
INC.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA



HMIS

Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	0
Reactivity	0

Personal Protective Equipment



See Section 15.

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Page Number: 1 of 7

Trade Name	<b>Chloroarsine Test</b>	Code	RE2128
		CAS#	7722-64-7
Manufacturer	HazTech Systems, Inc. P.O. Box 929 Mariposa, CA 95338	RTECS	SD6475000
		TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory. Potassium permanganate
Commercial Name(s)	Potassium Permanganate	CI#	Not available.
Synonym	Potassium Permanganate, Crystal, Reagent, Technical, and USP Grades	<b>IN CASE OF EMERGENCY</b>	
Chemical Name	Potassium Permanganate	<b>CHEMTREC (24hr) 800-424-9300</b>	
Chemical Family	Not available.	CALL (310) 516-8000	
Chemical Formula	KMnO <sub>4</sub>		
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

### Exposure Limits

Name	CAS #	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	CEIL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	% by Weight
1) Potassium permanganate	7722-64-7	5			100

Toxicological Data  
on Ingredients**Potassium permanganate**

ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1090 mg/kg [Rat]. 2157 mg/kg [Mouse].

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

**Potential Acute Health Effects** Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator). The amount of tissue damage depends on length of contact. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Skin contact can produce inflammation and blistering. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing. Severe over-exposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death. Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

**Chloroarsine Test**

Page Number: 2 of 7

<b>Potential Chronic Health Effects</b>	<b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> Not available. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> Not available. <b>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY</b> Not available. The substance may be toxic to central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degree of respiratory irritation or lung damage.
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**Section 4. First Aid Measures**

<b>Eye Contact</b>	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Serious Skin Contact</b>	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
<b>Serious Inhalation</b>	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. <b>WARNING:</b> It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Serious Ingestion</b>	Not available.

**Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data**

<b>Flammability of the Product</b>	Non-flammable.
<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flash Points</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Not available.
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	organic materials, metals, combustible materials
<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Explosive in presence of organic materials, of metals.
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Special Remarks on Fire Hazards</b>	Spontaneously flammable on contact with ethylene glycol. Potassium Permanganate being conveyed through propylene tube ignited the tube. When solid hydroxylamine is brought into contact with solid potassium permanganate, there is produced immediately a with flame. Potassium permanganate decomposes hydrogen trisulfide so rapidly that sufficient heat is liberated to ignite the trisulfide. When Antimony or arsenic and solid potassium permanganate are ground together, the metals ignite.



## Chloroarsine Test

Page Number: 3 of 7

**Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards** Take care in handling as explosions may occur if it is brought in contact with organic or other readily oxidizable substances, either in solution or in dry state.  
 Explosive in contact with sulfuric acid or hydrogen peroxide.  
 Potassium permanganate + acetic acid or acetic anhydride can explode if permanganate is not kept cold.  
 Explosions can occur when permanganates come on contact with benzene, carbon disulfide, diethyl ether, ethyl alcohol, petroleum, or organic matter.  
 Contact with glycerol may produce explosion.  
 Crystals of potassium permanganate explode vigorously when ground with phosphorous.  
 A mixture of .5% potassium permanganate + ammonium nitrate explosive caused an explosion 7 hrs. later.  
 Addition of Potassium permanganate + dimethylformamide to give a 20% solution led to an explosion after 5 min.  
 During a preparation of chlorine by addition of the concentrated acid (Hydrochloric acid) to solid potassium permanganate, a sharp explosion occurred on one occasion.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Small Spill** Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

**Large Spill** Oxidizing material. Corrosive solid.  
 Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Avoid contact with a combustible material (wood, paper, oil, clothing...). Keep substance damp using water spray. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions** Keep locked up. Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from combustible material.. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as organic materials, metals, acids.

**Storage** Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. See NFPA 43A, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers. Do not store above 24°C (75.2°F).

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

**Personal Protection** Splash goggles. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

**Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill** Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor and dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

**Exposure Limits** TWA: 5  
 Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical state and appearance</b>	Solid.	<b>Odor</b>	Odorless.
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	158.03 g/mole	<b>Taste</b>	Sweetish, astringent.
<b>pH (1% soln/water)</b>	Not available.	<b>Color</b>	Purple. (Dark.)
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available.		
<b>Melting Point</b>	Decomposes.		
<b>Critical Temperature</b>	Not available.		
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	2.7 @ 15 C (Water = 1)		

**Chloroarsine Test**

Page Number: 4 of 7

Vapor Pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor Density	Not available.
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	Not available.
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	Not available.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	See solubility in water, methanol, acetone. Easily soluble in methanol, acetone. Partially soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in Sulfuric Acid

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data**

Stability	The product is stable.
Instability Temperature	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Incompatible materials
Incompatibility with various substances	Highly reactive with organic materials, metals, acids. Reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials.
Corrosivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	It is a powerful oxidizing agent. Incompatible with reducing agents, acids, formaldehyde, ammonium nitrate, dimethylformamide, glycerol, combustible materials, alcohols, arsenites, bromides, iodides, charcoal, organic substances, ferrous or mercurous salts, hypophosphites, hyposulfites, sulfites, peroxides, oxalates, ethylene glycol, Manganese salts in air oxidize the toxic sulfur dioxide to more toxic sulfur trioxide. Can react violently with most metal powders, ammonia, ammonium salts, phosphorous, many finely divided organic compounds (materials), flammable liquids, acids, sulfur.
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.
Polymerization	Will not occur.

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 1090 mg/kg [Rat]. Lowest Published Lethal Dose: LDL[Woman] - Route: Oral; Dose: 100 mg/kg LDL[Human] - Route: Oral; Dose: 143 mg/kg.
Chronic Effects on Humans	<b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. May cause damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS).
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), of eye contact (corrosive). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May cause adverse reproductive effects (Male and Female fertility) based on animal data. May affect genetic material (mutagenetic) based on animal data.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	

**Chloroarsine Test**

Page Number: 5 of 7

**Acute Potential Health effects:**

Causes skin irritation with possible burns. Skin contact can cause brown stains in the area and possible Hardening of the outer layer.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation and possible eye burns. May cause severe damage to eyes. Damage to cornea can be permanent.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract and mucous membrane irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. Causes severe digestive (gastrointestinal) tract irritation with nausea, vomiting and possible burns. May affect respiration (hypoxia, dyspnea), cardiovascular system (hypertension, hypotension, tachycardia), liver (hepatitis, jaundice, hepatocellular necrosis), blood (methemoglobinemia), urinary system (renal failure, albuminuria, hematuria, proteinuria, chemical burns), behavior/central nervous system (somnolence, headache, dizziness, tremor, paresthesia, fatigue, and even coma and death at high levels)

**Chronic Acute Potential Health Effects:**

Ingestion: it is a central nervous system poison and can affect the central nervous system

Skin: Repeated prolonged contact may cause defatting and dermatitis

**Section 12. Ecological Information**

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Not available.
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available.
<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.
<b>Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation</b>	The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.
<b>Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available.

**Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
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**Section 14. Transport Information**

<b>DOT Classification</b>	CLASS 5.1: Oxidizing material.
<b>Identification</b>	: Potassium permanganate UNNA: 1490 PG: II
<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	Not available.
<b>DOT (Pictograms)</b>	

**Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms**

<b>Federal and State Regulations</b>	<p>Connecticut carcinogen reporting list.: Potassium permanganate          Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Potassium permanganate          Illinois chemical safety act: Potassium permanganate          New York release reporting list: Potassium permanganate          Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Potassium permanganate          Pennsylvania RTK: Potassium permanganate          Massachusetts RTK: Potassium permanganate          Massachusetts spill list: Potassium permanganate          New Jersey: Potassium permanganate          New Jersey spill list: Potassium permanganate          Louisiana spill reporting: Potassium permanganate          California Director's list of Hazardous Substances: Potassium permanganate          TSCA 8(b) inventory: Potassium permanganate</p>
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**Chloroarsine Test**

Page Number: 6 of 7

**California Proposition 65 Warnings**

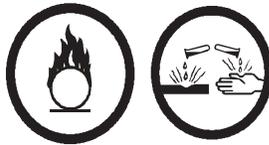
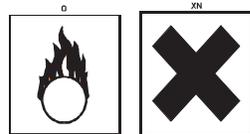
CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Potassium permanganate: 100 lbs. (45.36 kg)

**Other Regulations**OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  
EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.**Other Classifications****WHMIS (Canada)** CLASS C: Oxidizing material.  
CLASS E: Corrosive solid.**DSCL (EEC)**R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire.  
R22- Harmful if swallowed.  
R38- Irritating to skin.  
R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.S2- Keep out of the reach of children.  
S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.  
S39- Wear eye/face protection.  
S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.**HMIS (U.S.A.)**

Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	0
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	j

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

	Flammability	
Health	0	Reactivity
	1 0	
	OXY	
	Specific hazard	

**WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)****DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)****TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)****ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)****Protective Equipment**

Gloves.



Synthetic apron.



Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

**Chloroarsine Test**

Page Number: 7 of 7



Splash goggles.

**Section 16. Other Information**Catalog Number(s) **RE2128**

References Not available.

Other Special Considerations Not available.

Validated by R. Turkington.

Verified by R. Turkington

CALL (310) 516-8000

**Notice to Reader**

*All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.*